

OF LIFE GUARDS.—Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant Sir W. W. Wynne, Bart., to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Allen, who retires; Ensign T. G. Glamis, from the 96th Foot, to be Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant by purchase, vice Sir W. W. Wynne. Royal Regiment of Horse Guards.—Lieutenant R. H. R. H. Vyse, to be Captain by purchase, vice Corbett, who retires; Cornet C. I. G. Lennox, Earl of March, to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice F. C. F. A. Stuart, Gent., who retires to be Cornet; Surgeon J. M. Macmillan, 4th Regiment of Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice W. H. Magan, from the 90th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Francis, who exchanges, 9th Light Dragoons.—Lieutenant, T. J. Francis, 1st Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Magnus, 1st Light Dragoons.—Assistant-Surgeon, J. D. Cooper, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Leslie, who resigns, 17th Regiment of Foot.—Ensign L. J. Ferguson, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, 17th Regiment of Foot.—Ensign R. S. Syge, to be Lieut., without purchase, vice Swenney, deceased; Ensign H. De Quincy, to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Gifford, G. Hoffmann, Esq., F. P. D. Greenwell, Gentleman, to be Ensign by purchase, vice De Quincy, 40th Foot.—Ensign F. Huey, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Armstrong, deceased, 166th Foot.—Lieutenant A. Maxwell, to be Major by purchase, vice Thompson, who retires; Ensign Thomas, to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Maxwell; P. W. Hardy, Gentleman, to be Ensign by purchase, vice Garratt, 63rd Foot.—Ensign W. G. L. Crowther, to be Lieutenant, vice Spicer, deceased, 86th Foot.—Colonel, J. H. Kelly, to be Quartermaster, vice W. Horwood, D. S. Miller, Gentleman, to be Ensign by purchase, vice Lord Glamis, appointed to the 1st Regiment of Life Guards, 70th Foot.—Major-General, J. Grams, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Graham, who exchanges receiving the difference, 72nd Foot.—Major W. H. Sperling, from half-pay Unattached, to be Major, vice P. Hope, who exchanges, receiving the difference; Brevet Major, J. H. Sparke, Major, by purchase, vice Major W. H. Sparke, who retires; Lieutenant J. T. Hope to be Captain, by purchase, vice Jarvis; Ensign W. Parke to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Hope; J. S. Clarke, gentleman, to be Ensign by purchase, vice Parke, 87th Foot.—The Honorable J. C. Shilley, Second Lieutenant by purchase, vice Moore, promoted in the 41st Foot, 93rd Foot.—Ensign C. Maxwell to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice T. McKnight Crawford, who retires; J. H. Barclay, Gentleman, to be Ensign by purchase, vice Maxwell, 104th Foot.—Lieutenant, J. H. Bird, from the 63rd Foot, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Stoddard, deceased, 154th Foot.—Lieutenant J. R. Ford to be Adjutant, vice Rogers, promoted; Ensign G. J. Dowdall to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Rogers, promoted; Ensign G. Hutchison to be Major, without purchase, vice Cannon, who retires upon full pay, 199th Foot.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. Despard, from Inspecting Field Officer of a recruiting district, to be Lieutenant-Colonel G. Le Maistre, appointed an Inspecting District Officer, General's Commission, 1st Light Cavalry.—Lieutenant Marchington, from half-pay 13th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Oastheym, promoted; Second Lieutenant H. Lucas to be First Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Oastheym, promoted; Third Lieutenant, J. Bird, to be Second Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lucas. Particular Service.—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel P. Young, from half-pay, Unattached, to be Major on particular service in Canada.

MEMORANDUM.—The promotion of Ensign G. J. Dowdall, of the 93rd Foot, to be Lieutenant, 10th April 1842, on the 18th April 1842, has been cancelled.

WAR OFFICE, SEPTEMBER 30, —3d.

Regiment of Dragoon Guards.—Lieutenant General Francis Newbery, to be Colonel, vice Sir James Charles Dalbiac, appointed to the 4th Light Dragoons. 1st Regiment of Dragoons.—Lieutenant William Mackenzie, to be Captain by purchase, vice Burke, who retires; Colonel David Fielding Jones, to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Peel; George Courtenay, Gent., to be Cornet by purchase, vice Jones. 4th Regiment of Light Dragoons.—Lieutenant General Sir James Charles Dalbiac, from half-pay, to be Colonel, vice General Lord Edward Somerset, deceased. 16th Regiment of Light Dragoons.—Surgeon Blackhall Lane Sandham, M.D., from the 62nd Foot, to be Surgeon, vice Harcourt, deceased. 18th Regiment of Foot.—Lieutenant Enoch Barker, from the 61st Foot, to be Captain by purchase, vice Fraser, deceased. 22nd Foot.—Assistant Surgeon Alexander Campbell, to be Surgeon, vice Ore, appointed to the 62d Foot. 25th Foot.—Lieutenant William Brunell, from the 75th Foot, to be Major, vice William Dean, who retires upon full pay, 31st Foot.—Ensign James Peter Robertson, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Frend, who retires; John Gould, Gentleman, to be Ensign by purchase, vice Robertson. 40th Foot.—Ensign Phillip William Miller, to be Lieutenant, vice Frend, who retires; whose promotion on the 29th of April 1842 has been cancelled. 41st Foot.—Thomas Hugh Taylor, Gentleman, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Matthews, who retires. 50th Foot.—Lieutenant Francis Orlando Bridgman, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Stavert, deceased. 51st Foot.—Lieutenant Boys, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bridgeman; Joseph Goodling Agginton, Gentleman, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Boys. 60th Foot.—Captain Peter John Pitt, to be Major, by purchase, vice Goodling, deceased. 61st Foot.—George Goldsmith Mackenzie Cobban, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Pitt; Ensign Robert Bridges Bellers, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Cobban; John Fleming Bishop, Gentleman, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Bellers. 61st Foot.—Captain John Fleming Bishop, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Fleming; Lieutenants Charles Frederick Hutchinson and Mayne, to be Captains, by purchase, vice Bates, who retire; Ensign John Josiah Mayne, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Charles Mayne, deceased. 62nd Foot.—Surgeon James Alexander Sandham, from the 22nd Foot, to be Surgeon, vice Sandham, appointed to the 16th Light Dragoons. 84th Foot.—Ensign John Dowdall, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Dowdall, whose promotion has been cancelled. 90th Foot.—Captain Henry Cavendish Johnson, from half-pay 7th Light Dragoon

goons, to be Captain, vice John Wilson who resigns, receiving the difference between his salary as Major and as Lieutenant-Colonel. The new Captain, by purchase, vice Johnson, who retires; Ensign Henry Lecky, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bringhurst; Thomas De Courcy Hamilton, Gentleman, to be Esq., by purchase, vice Lecky; 974th Cavalry, Captain O'Neill (Paymaster of the Regiment) to be Captain, vice Hutcheon, promoted.

UNNATURAL.—Brevet Colonel Richard Egerton, late Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary to the late General Command-in-Chief, to be Lieutenant-Colonel without pay.

BREVET.—To be Majors in the Army Captain Henry Cavendish Johnson, of the 90th Foot; Captain William Bostes, of the 61st Foot; Captain Charlton O'Neill of the 97th Foot; Captain Thomas Charlton Smith, of the 27th Foot.

MEXICO.—The name of the gentleman appointed to an army at Mexico, the 91st Foot, on the 15th April, 1842, is George Thorne, not Thorne, as previously stated.

INDIAN EXTRACTS.

SUMMARY OF INDIAN NEWS
(From the Press Chronicle.)

SEPTEMBER 27.—We are indebted to alludes in his paper of this morning to a very good collection of oil painting now to be seen at Ostell and Lepage's. They are well worth the attention of the public, and their prices will not be allowed to return to the hands of purchasers. Our contemporary however, has shown great naïveté that there is a Madonna, which, with the exception of some defect in the neck, is an admirable Rubens, whether an original or copy, he does not pretend to say. That the nobility and gentry of England have been so far from ever allow an original Rubens to come out to this country, is incredible. If, however, it be an original, the wisest thing the firm can do is to send it back to England, where it will fetch ten times the price any one can afford to give for it in this country.

THE INDIA.—The Marquis de Dalmatie from Madras. Lord Elphinstone has changed his mind, and declined coming round in her.—The Marquis of Tweeddale has embarked at Bombay in a vessel of war, and proceeds by sea to England, which he expected to reach in ten or twelve days. It was first hoped that he would have disembarked at Bangalore and proceeded across to Madras by land, and thus taken a survey of a portion of the Presidency he has been appointed to govern.—The *Bombay Times* of the 27th inst., has collected into one view the remarks made from his ship on received by the last Mail on the Afghan war. The degree of impartiality which may be expected from some of them, may be judged of by the fact, that one of the leading journals declares that Lord Auckland's route, the inland route, and chose the slowest sailing voyage for an *emquiry* into his conduct.—We regret to learn, that no fewer than forty-seven men and seven women and children of H. M.'s 28th have died of cholera on board the *Zenobia* on her passage from Bombay to Kereelce.

SEVERAL.—A very curious case was decided the Supreme Court of Calcutta. Mr. John Porteus, of the firm of Oswald and Co., lately died in Calcutta, intestate, leaving property to the extent of a lakh of rupees. Mootoolal Seel, the native Millionaire, holds an acceptance of £1000, viz. 63,700 rupees, and claims a personal debt of 63,700 rupees, and also interest. On this ground he claimed to administer to the estate, and opposed the claim of the Ecclesiastical Registrar, the legally appointed administrator in all such cases. His claim against the firm, which was the amount of 63,700 rupees, was held to be no ground for making him administrator to him: and with regard to the minor sum, the Registrar's council agreed at once to pay it, subject to a revision of accounts. The Millionaire refused, and claimed that his object was to prevent the Registrar from administering to the commission. But the creditors, if he altered to it, would be entitled to the same commission—only Mottee Baboo, intended generously to give it up!—A fifth candidate has started for the secretaryship of the Agri-Horticultural Society, Dr. Eveingood, of the Surgeon-General's office, regarding the prisoners at Cabul are still clouded. Authentic information has been received from Gundumuck the 6th of September, that with the exception of Captain Troup and Bygrave, whom Akbar Khan retains in the Bala Hisar, to carry off the Surmatta, the British officers, Mrs. and Mrs. Trevor, who are in ill health, and the prisoners have been sent to off-Bahian. Akbar Khan, it is said will offer a determined resistance at Cabul. He reported to have sent on his Cavalry to encounter General Nott; but another account says that he has fled to the States, thence General Nott has taken Ghuznee, was employed in razing it to the ground. General Nott was determined to start towards Cabul on the 6th of September, but whether he would previously attack the enemy who were posted in great strength along the Sutlej, is not known. The *Talwar*, steamer reached Madras on the morning of the 16th, having left Calcutta on the morning of the 10th: from port to port she has been six days on the trip.

SEPTEMBER 29.—Our contemporaries have made repeated allusion to a work on Cabul by Dr. Atkinson, the Superintendent surgeon in Afghanistan. We have not had time to peruse it, but we are informed that the views are executed in that superior style which distinguished all his productions. The review of the work in the *Examiner* is copied in the *Herald* of this morning, and it begins with the following words: "The views recently discussed regarding Sir A. Burne's expedition are of great interest." "Mr. Atkinson agrees with what is understood to have been Sir Alexander Burne's opinion in a strong approval of the Afghan expedition."—"The subscription for the sufferers of the *Ricardo*, closed on the 25th ultimo, to 2500 rupees. We are happy to learn that the Court of Equity pending, to investigate the circumstances connected with the loss of the vessel. We shall now be able to learn whether the charge of culpable indifference to the state of this vessel, imputed to 2500 of the steamer, who might, if he would, have saved all the crew, is correct or not.—Letters of the 5th from Quetta state, that Brigadier England, who had arrived at that station without any casualty, intended to retire through the Bolan Pass in three divisions, the second for the 20th of September, the second for the 20th of September, and the last for the 1st of October. Thus we take leave of the valley of Shawl, after having held possession of it for more than three years.—The *Madras Spectator* of the 17th gives a very singular account of the capture of the *Emerald* on the island of Johanna. On the 12th of August, the captain went ashore with part of the crew to look for water. The mate remained

off and on, till the morning of the 15th when the vessel was blown out to sea, and as there were only sixty pinks at anchor, the boats were sent to Ceylon, leaving the captain and the rest of the crew on shore. The Chief of the interior has always manifested a friendly disposition towards the English, and perhaps no danger is to be apprehended; but it is not pleasant to be left for months in a filthy town, with out any means of relief. The state of society of civilized life.—The mortality on board the *Zenobia* steamer, which conveyed part of H. M.'s 28th regiment from Bombay to Kerachee, is truly appalling. The vessel was started with Major-General Sir C. Napier on board, and his rank and file and his wives and children. The cholera broke out before she arrived from Sydney. Cholera broke out before the vessel left the port: but it was hoped that the sea air would remove it. But eighteen deaths occurred the first day at sea. In the next three days, nearly a third of the detachment died. The vessel was so deep, 700 reaching Kerachee it was found that 37 men and 7 women and children had died, and that there remained thirty-six cases of alarming virulence. All the shot on board was expended in sinking the dead, and the cholera was taken care last to make use of pieces of coal. Intelligence has been received from Moulineux to the 7th September. Of the 63rd Regiment which it has been, we believe determined to leave there, the left wing had already sailed for Madras, before counter orders were received, and the remainder were making fearful ravages through the Burmese Empire; it had carried off some of the members of the Royal Family and one of the King's Ministers. Whole villages had been depopulated, either by the ravages of the cholera, or by the fear of them.

October 30.—At the last meeting of the Directors of the *Deccan*, were applications for the post of Superintendent were taken into consideration. They made a thick and formidable bundle, and it was resolved to appoint a sub-committee, to select the best man and the best woman out of the country, and to be reported to the Directors just received, states that with the aid of inducing the early restoration of the prisoners at Cabul, or rather at Baramulla, Lord Ellenborough had resolved to send off the members of Dost Mahomed's army to England. It is said that this resolution was unanimously adopted at Londonia by Captain Mills, and produced, as might have been expected, the greatest consternation. We do not know but that such a threat would produce a salutary effect on the chiefs at Cabul, in which they would see the horror with which they would be regarded, and the position of the females of rank, might awaken them to a sense of the impropriety of detaining our ladies and children. If they were to commence their march to Bannaby, we think the letters sent from them from the last to his son and nephew, might produce a salutary effect. Of course, if it did not, the Governor-General would not carry the threat into effect, and send the Dost to London.—There is no positive int.elligence from beyond the Indus. We have no certain news from the General, who has not yet started; and none of General D'Oyly's movements; though the rumour of his having occupied Guzni, comes from so many different and independent sources that we think it must be true.—Five thousand tons of coal have been ordered by the Government, and it is said that they are employed in China. Two thousand tons have already been sent in three vessels, and for the transport of the remainder other vessels are to be chartered. A case of poisoning is now pending before the Magistrates of Delhi. The hybrid substance, which was produced, was given by him to Calcutta for the opinion of the Chemical experimenter of the Medical College, Dr. Mouatt. He has made a declaration that it gave every indication of the presence of arsenic acid, or the white arsenic of commerce.—The mutiny which broke out in the Light Company of the 63rd refused to receive their pay because they did not obtain a few cowries, which were due to them, and which were promised to them the next month. Their conduct was outrageous at the quarters of the Commander-in-Chief, where there were no accounts, and where none of them are in confinement.

OCTOBER 1.—The *Lulu* steamer left Madras Roads on Saturday afternoon, the 17th September, in prosecution of her voyage to Suez. It is said she would have left Madras at the time originally advertised, but for the illness of her captain, who was ordered to send on treasure to Gallipoli. This was done, so say the papers, without any previous communication with the agent or commander. The audacity of our Calcutta rogues seems to improve with practice. Mr. D. Peasey, some time back, was charged with the theft of a watch from Howard, and Co., from whence it was stolen. The matter was referred to the Deputy Superintendent of Police, and the *buggy* was traced to the possession of a Native, who had bought it at the auction of Tullish and Co. *Ukka* are sore to learn that the Government have refused the intention of Government to restore the principality of Jhansi, with the exception of one or two districts, and thus to reintroduce into that country all the mischiefs and miseries of native rule. It is said that this measure was intended to console the natives of Bundelkand, who are suspected of being implicated in a treasonable conspiracy against our Government; but it is a measure of very doubtful benevolence as regards the interests of poor rascals; the authorities is generally to be preferred to the best of the native chiefs in that region.

A frightful accident took place in the Old Chinese Bazar yesterday afternoon, in consequence of the explosion of some gunpowder, owing, it is said, to a European soldier, who was employed in the bazaar, when it was stored. He was blown to pieces, seven or eight houses were blown down, and twenty or thirty natives, some dead, others dying, were taken to the Medical Hospital.

OCTOBER 3.—Intelligence has at length been received from General Nott's army in Shumsoodden's camp, that the British force was entirely defeated, with the loss of all his guns, ammunition, provisions, and baggage. The encampment was set on fire. Of the fate of this commander the accounts are contradictory. One paper states, that he fell on the field of battle; another, that he was taken prisoner; a third, that he was put to death in the camp. Two officers of the Bombay Cavalry were killed, and two wounded. General Nott was in possession of Ghuznee. One letter states, that he intended to remain there a day or two; another, that he had been driven from Ghuznee, and that he was in possession of a thousand rounds of ammunition, and were found in Shumsoodden's camp, and Ghuznee was a heap of ruins. But strange to say, there is not a word about the prisoners.

somers who were confined there. The silence seems to corroborate the report that they had all been removed to General Pollock's advanced division at Comilla, where they are being kept. They were strongly posted on both hills, behind Sungas, but their position was carried with the utmost gallantry by General Sale's troops in about a quarter of an hour. The General was wounded with a bullet in the head, and Captain Nugent of the Comilla battery at Jugdihalla, and appears, four rank and file killed, and a party wounded. This brilliant engagement will clear the pass to Tezen, where it is discomfited may again assemble. If different our triumphant march through the hills, and the capture of the disastrous and melancholy march in January. Farther particulars have now been obtained of the accident which took place at the old China Bazar on Friday afternoon.

The most circumstantial and accurate account of it appears to be that furnished by the late Major-General Sir James Duff, referred to our own columns by a private gentleman, in a letter sent to the *Englishman*, applauds the increased strength and vigilance of the Police; affirms that such security for property has never before been enjoyed in Calcutta for a long time. This happy result he attributes to the aid of the Thurruntah wall, and adds that the *Englishman* to the omnipotent press,—the answer to Correspondents in the *Englishman*, the editor says, I, G. propose to do better service to the commencement of the year than I have hitherto performed in more than one article, and that there are to be no races this year at all owing to the same cause which led to the suspension after the fall of the Great Houses.

On the 10th inst.—A letter signed J. M.—the initials cannot be mistaken as purporting of the *Englishman*, which holds out a prospect to Mr. Griffiths applying for the office of Secretary to the Agricultural Society, Government should not object to his holding it. He is perhaps the individual best qualified to perform the duties of it; and the duties of the office will not interfere with the line of his own official duties, if possible that Government may waive the objection which obliged Dr. Monat to withdraw from the field. There is additional intelligence from Afghanistan in the papers, coming morning. The *Englishman* having obtained a series of despatches which General Nott sent to express to Lord Ellenborough, and which his Lordship received on the 22nd of last month, informs us that Shumsoodeen came out to meet the General on the 16th inst., and that he gave him a very indistinct mode of describing the progress of a battle—with 12,000 men, on whom General Nott let loose one-third of his force, and before breakfast, on the morning of the fight. Our men fought lions on an empty stomach, and gave the enemy a severe beating, and captured guns, equipage, and ammunition. Shumsoodeen fled with thirty followers. Lord Ellenborough has declared—so says the *Englishman*—that the day he heard officially of the fall of Ghuzni he was so grieved that he resigned as Resident at Lucknow, and Captain Baines, a student of the law, and another at Major Spiera, have been tried, found guilty, and sentenced to be hanged—unjustly, says the *Englishman*. Major-General Pollock has nominated Major-General Pakenham as commander of the army, vice Major-General Pakenham deceased.—The *Agra Ukhar* states that intelligence had been received from Tibet, that the Sikhs had been driven back on Ladakh by the Chinese, but negotiations were on foot between the parties.

FALL OF CAULBUL AND GHUZNIE.
(From the Pining Gazette, 31st Sep., 1842.)

THROUGH the kind attention of two of our subscribers, we have been favoured with the hasty perusal of copies of the *Bengal Hurkaru Extraordinary* on the 11th inst. instant, brought by the Captain of the Division, and which he carries to Singapore. It consisted of two parts, the first giving accounts of the fall of Caubul, and we have barely time to extract the substance of them for our readers.

FALL OF CAUBUL.—On the 13th September, Major-General Pollock arrived at Ulthamabad, commanding an army of twenty thousand strong and vigorous troops. Some hard fighting, in many instances of bayonet action deciding the contest, the enemy were routed and dispersed, leaving several hundreds killed and wounded on the field, and two guns, large quantities of baggage, and other stores, and standards, in our hands. The loss on our side was thirty-two killed and one hundred and thirty wounded. On the 14th our forces advanced to Beedkash; on the 15th encamped on the same course at Caubul, and on the 16th the General Pollock took possession of the Balla Hisar, and placed the British standard on the walls. Sir R. S. Shakespeare and seven hundred Kuzzaks bashes proceeded to Bamian in search of Akhtar Khan, who declares that he would not deliver up the prisoners unless Deodad Salomani be set free. Captain Campbell and eight children of the General, Mrs. Anderson, and three children, Captain Troup and Dr. Campbell had come into camp. Abundance of supplies was pouring in, and Caubul was quiet.

FALL OF GHUZNIE.—On the 3d September, Major-General Pollock moved forward for Ghuznie. The city was found to be full of men, and the hills to the north-east were covered with heavy bodies of cavalry and infantry. Major Saunders went forward to reconnoitre, but was obliged to wait until a detachment of cavalry and infantry could be sent to support him. Driven from the suburbs into the town, The low hills to the north-east of the town were occupied, and the ground marked out for breaching batteries. On the morning of the 6th it was discovered that the fortifications of the city were dismantled, and the towers destroyed. The principal gate, released 327 sepoy of the 27th N. I. who had been sold into slavery, and having accomplished this important service with a loss of no more than three killed and forty-three wounded, marched for Caubul, and entered the city by the battered sandal wood gates of the temple of Ghuzne brought by Mahmood from Sonnat. He expected to reach Caubul on the 17th September.

Besides the *Bengal Hurkaru Extra* of the 11th October, an abstract of which we published in our issue of the 19th, is vouched with the loan of the *Hurkaru* of the same date. The *Delhi Gazette* of the 1st October announces that instructions had been issued to continue the works of the Great Gates Canal, but the annual experience are to limit the expenditure to £100,000, the object of expenditure (of two lakhs of rupees. Coolidge returned to Calcutta, from Mamutium swore to the most unfavourable account of the nature of their employments there.

The labour they found was too heavy for them to undergo, and they were treated with great cruelty. This paper notes the Draft Act, which has been published order of Government, constituting a Commission of Enquiry into the subject mentioned in the Law Commissioners' report upon the judicial establishments of the Straits we shall notice the chief provisions so far as they can be gathered from month in the year. It is to sit during the month of the year. The Judge is to be one of the Judges of the Supreme Court. All cases where the amount claimed exceeds 400 rupees, and all cases of assault, battery, and defamation are beyond, and we infer all other cases are within its jurisdiction. The Supreme Court is to hear appeals and regulate for this subordinate Court. The plaintiffs and defendants may be examined touching the subject matter of litigation at the discretion of the Judge. The pleadings are to be oral and registered by the Clerk of the Court in plain and untechnical language. Every appeal and regulation for this Court is allowed unless under a certificate from the Judge that the nature of the case requires and justifies the retainer of counsel only. All the power and authority vested in the Supreme Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction shall be vested in every Judge holding this subordinate Court.

Pinnang Chronicle.

Water-side Residences to Let.
A Cottage of three rooms, kitchen, front verandah, and a small garden, of 100 fruit trees fenced in, situated in Neutral B North Road, only a few minutes' walk from the Government Office. The house is for a small family, or two gentlemen's households; moderate. Apply to N. Bray, Gloucester-street.

TO BE LET, at Miller's Point, During the month of December, a Cottage for a small family, containing eight rooms, garden ground, coach house and stable, well, and out-offices. Enquire of the Office of this paper.

TO BE LET, seven years, to a score of acres of land, situated in the neighbourhood of Newington, cleared and fenced in, with a well, and well supplied with water. The rent of the land is 100 rupees. For further particulars apply to Mr. F. J. King, Newmarket.

FARM, COOK'S RIVER.
TO BE LET, with immediate possession, the Estate of CLAREVILLE, at Cook's River, about six miles from Sydney, containing two hundred and fifty acres of Land, all fenced in, well divided into paddocks; a good Farm-house, containing two parlours, four bed-rooms, kitchen, store-room, cellar, wash-house or dairy, and a large garden, with a well, and a garden, lying on the river, with abundance of water, and a gardener's cottage. Apply to Justice Stephen or to Mr. Allen, Salisbury-street; security for the rent, 100 rupees.

TO RUMORS AND OTHERS.
TO LET, for a term of years, a suitable Run of Sheep or Cattle, about twenty-two miles from Newcastle, well watered, and fenced in. For particulars apply to Mr. Joseph Barnes, Parramatta.

ALSO.
Ten very superior single COWS, of Mr. Macdonald's breed, now ready to calve. Price £25 each head.

TO INVADE.
A COTTAGE, sixty miles from Bathurst, containing two rooms, kitchen, and a small garden, commanding rising ground, verandah all around French windows, dining and drawing rooms, with four large bedrooms, a bathroom, verandah, stable, cellar, and pantry. Mail from Sydney takes about a week. Also, available a desirable situation for newly arrived emigrants. For particulars of their plans. Possession can be given in March.

N.B. This Cottage would perhaps suit persons who wish to keep a stock, being about sixty miles from the run.

For particulars, apply to Mr. Blackman, Gloucester-street, Sydney.

SALES BY AUCTION.
Dinner Plates, Cut Wine Glasses, &c.
Baking Dish, one of the best White Iron Stoves, a French Furnace, and a Dutch Oven.

J. K. HEYDON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, Gloucester-street, this MORNING, at Eleven o'clock precisely,
One hundred dozen fine glasses, out of the best French and English, and other plates, sizes, Palestine pattern
Twenty dozen blue baking dishes, of sizes from 10 to 12 inches square
Assorted crockery
Furniture, sideboard, and sundry household goods
Carriage harness, &c. &c.

AFTER WHICH,
Ten half-cents black tea
Four casks of the best Java and Java-brown
The whole in lots to suit purchasers
Terms cash.

TWO DAYS' SALE
Zimmerman, Bookbinder - Glasses, &c.
MR. MOSES JOSEPH will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Gloucester-street, near the Royal Hotel, on **THURSDAY** and **WEDNESDAY**, the 2nd and 3rd inst., at 11 o'clock precisely,
The whole of the following goods, with the slightest reserve, viz. —
5000 pair of assorted children's trousers
4000 ditto white cotton trousers
400 ditto buckskin ditto
500 ditto dark skin ditto
400 ditto light skin ditto
400 ditto fancy ditto
400 ditto warranted cord ditto
400 ditto warranted leather trousers
300 blue cloth suits
50 cloth shooting coats
50 summer cloth coats
150 fancy hats
6000 Valetta vests
200 silk ditto
200 ditto and figured ditto
300 quilting ditto
100 fancy satin ditto
100 ditto fine Jim Crow hats
And a great variety of other goods, which the advertiser is determined to clear out at his present sale.

At 11 o'clock.
A quantity of shop fixtures, household furniture and a variety of other articles, too numerous to particularise.
Terms as above.

Wheat and Milling Mills, Do. Salt Stacks, &c.
MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by Auction, at his Rooms, Gloucester-street, near the Charlotte-place, **THIS DAY, the 1st February** at eleven o'clock,
Five Wheat Mills
One Milling ditto
Eighty four Corns, do. de Laine Washers
Two hundred and ninety-two Printed Cotton Dresses (Feats)
A great variety of other goods, which the advertiser is determined to clear out at his present sale.

At 11 o'clock.
A quantity of shop fixtures, household furniture and a variety of other articles, too numerous to particularise.
Terms as above.

STATIONERY.
MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Gloucester-street, near the Charlotte-place, **THIS DAY, the 1st February** at eleven o'clock,
One case assorted Stationery.
Terms as above.

BEST ADVERTISEMENTS.

JSAAC RIMMONS will sell by auction at the City Auction Mart, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 6th February, 1843,
Eleven casks of No. 1 and No. 2 Java Coffee.
Two cases, 14 dozen, each's Blucher boots
Two cases, 100 dozen, regatta shirts, super quality.
Two cases 100 piece, printed cottons
Two cases, 100 pieces, printed jeans
One case, 200 pieces, printed handkerchiefs
Two cases, 100 pieces, long cloth shirting
Two bales, 82 pieces, long cloth shirting
One case printed drawers
Four cases containing copper scales
One cash beam, weights, &c., &c.
Fourteen, 12 dozen, Townsend's superior hair brushes
Forty-eight calico, 800 dozen, London belt
ale in prime condition
Bladder bladders
Fifty chests tea
Thirty boxes black tea
One case stationery, &c., &c.

Seventy cases assorted pickles
Two cases dolls
Four dozen Mrs. Crow's
Rice twilled shirts
Pilot coats
Gentlemen's jackets
Gentlemen's trousers
Culley, &c., with a variety of other goods
Terms at sale.

N. B.—Goods received on commission
private or private sale. Good conveniences
carriage, pigs, furniture, &c., on reasonable
terms.

CARRIAGES, &C.

M^r. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction
at his Mart, the CURSOR of George-street,
on THURSDAY, the 4th inst., at 1 o'clock,
February, at One o'clock,
A splendid Bricks, with appointments as to
or travelling carriage
Two handsome sets of Harnesses
super style
A splendid Gig, built on an improved principle
A British, or Mail Phaeton
Two handsome sets of harnesses
Three superior sets Double Harness.
The above are all built by the celebrated
House of Messrs. Butler and Co., coach-build-
ers, 47, Strand, London, and are warranted.
May be seen, until the day of sale
at Wilkinson's Coach Factory, No. 93, Lo-
ndon Road, near the entrance of the Herford
back entrance by Queen's-place.
The Auctioneer particularly calls the attention
of intending purchasers to the above, as they
will positively be sold at the lowest rates.

AFTER WHICH,
One George the Fourth Phaeton
One handsome double-bodied ditto, suitable
one or two horses
Two very superior Gigs.
Terms at sale.

Horse-drawn Furniture, &c.

M^r. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction
at Mr. Sharpe's house, on the Ne-
Shore, about five minutes' walk from Milner
Ferry, on MONDAY, the 6th February,
at 1 o'clock, the following articles:
Quantity of bedding, carpets, kitchen uten-
sils, provisions, boats and galley for yach.
ALSO,
Cabin pianoforte.
Terms, cash.

Stout and Ale.

M^r. BLACKMAN will sell by auction,
at the Room, George-street, adjoining
Bank of New South Wales, THIS DAY, the
February, at eleven o'clock,
Two casks Hove's Stout
Eight ditto Duval's, &c. and Stout.
ALSO,
One certificate Rum.
Terms at sale.

To Druggists and Remedial Dealers.

M^r. BLACKMAN will sell by auction,
at the Room, George-street, adjoining
Bank of New South Wales, THIS DAY,
the February, at eleven o'clock precisely,
T within diamond, No. 7.
One case, containing 36 lbs. 6 oz. Essence
Lemon.
Terms at sale.

To Druggists, Grocers, &c.

M^r. BLACKMAN will sell by auction,
at his Rooms, George street, THIS DAY,
at 11 o'clock,
Two cwt. Grosse's Chalk
Three cwt. Aloetic, in powder
In lots to suit purchasers.
Terms at sale.

To Druggists, Grocers, &c.

M^r. BLACKMAN will sell by auction,
at the Room, George street, THIS DAY,
1st February,
Four bushels Canary Seed.
Terms at sale.

TO COCHERS.

M^r. BLACKMAN will Sell by Auction,
at the Room, George street, THIS D-
day of the 1st February,
Five half-cells Twenkey Hvon
Fifteen boxes Black.
Terms at sale.

ALONG'S FARMHOUSE PROPERTY.

M^r. BLACKMAN has been instructed
by the Mortgagee, under trusts for sale
sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 1st
day of February next, at his Auction Ma-
Mart, George Street, Sydney, at two
o'clock at noon precisely,
The above valuable freehold property, in
following or such other lots as may be de-
termined upon, at the time of sale, and
subject to conditions to be then and there
produced.

LOT 1.
Consists of all that piece or parcel of land,
containing by admeasurement thirty acres, of
roads, and thirty perches, commencing on
north-west side of the Iron Cove, distant from
the corner of the said lot, bounded towards
south-east by that road, bearing west twenty
five degrees south fifteen chains twenty lin-
ks; towards the north by that right chain
south chain eighty links; on the west by
line north to Lyons-road thirteen chains;
towards the north-east by that right chain
thirty-one degrees north twenty-seven chain
and fifteen links; and on the east by a line
fifteen chains sixty links to the commencement
point.

LOT 2.
Consists of all that piece or parcel of land
containing by admeasurement sixteen acres,
of roads, and thirty-five perches, or less,
commencing on Lyons-road, at the north-
corner of lot 119, and distant from the gr-
road, distant from the said lot, bounded to-
wards the west by a line bearing south ten
degrees east twelve chains to the Iron Cove
road; towards the north by that right chain
thirty-five links; on the east by a line
north thirteen chains to Lyons-road; and
towards the north by that right chain
twenty-five links to the commencement-point.

LOT 3.
Consists of all that piece or parcel of land
being lot 131 of the Five Dock Farms; bound-
towards the north by a line east nine deg-
rees north three chains fifty links to the
Iron Creek; towards the west by the Iron
Creek road two chains; towards the west
by the Iron Creek road one hundred and
twenty-five degrees east twenty-two chains
and fifteen links; and on all other sides by
said creek; and containing twenty-one ac-
res or less.

LOT 4.
And also all that piece or parcel of land
containing by admeasurement seventy acres,
of roads, and thirty-five perches, or less,
situated on the south-east side of Iron Cove-
road, distant from the corner of the said lot,
bounded towards the north by that right
chain thirty-five degrees, south fifteen chains
twenty links; towards the north by the Iron
Creek-road, distant from the corner of the
said lot, bounded towards the north by that
right chain twenty-seven chains twenty lin-
ks; towards the south by a line east nine
degrees thirty minutes, south fourteen chains
and fifteen links; and towards the north-
east by a line north twenty-five degrees,
west twenty-four chains fifty links to the com-
mencement point; and containing twenty-one
acres, one hundred and twenty-eight
and one hundred and twenty-nine, of the
original size of the Five Dock Farms.
Terms at time of sale.

For further particulars apply to the auctioneer
or to M^r. John Smith, solicitor, O'Connell-st-
Sydney.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]